the proceedings are conducted independently, but so as to avoid duplication as much as possible.

§850.5 Definitions.

As used in this part:

- (a) *Act* means Title III of Pub. L. 93-633, the Independent Safety Board Act of 1974 (49 U.S.C. 1901, *et seq.*).
- (b) *Board* means the National Transportation Safety Board.
- (c) Chairman means the Chairman of the National Transportation Safety Board.
- (d) Commandant means the Commandant of the Coast Guard.
- (e) *Major marine casualty* means a casualty involving a vessel, other than a public vessel, that results in—
 - (1) The loss of six or more lives;
- (2) The loss of a mechanically propelled vessel of 100 or more gross tons;
- (3) Property damage initially estimated as \$500,000 or more; or
- (4) Serious threat, as determined by the Commandant and concurred in by the Chairman, to life, property, or the environment by hazardous materials.
- (f) *Public vessel* means a vessel owned by the United States, except a vessel to which the Act of October 25, 1919, c. 82 (41 Stat. 305, 46 U.S.C. 363) applies.
- (g) Vessel of the United States means a vessel—
- (1) Documented, or required to be documented, under the laws of the United States:
 - (2) Owned in the United States; or
- (3) Owned by a citizen or resident of the United States and not registered under a foreign flag.

§850.10 Preliminary investigation by the Coast Guard.

- (a) The Coast Guard conducts the preliminary investigation of marine casualties.
- (b) The Commandant determines from the preliminary investigation whether:
- (1) The casualty is a major marine casualty; or
- (2) The casualty involves a public and a nonpublic vessel and at least one fatality or \$75,000 in property damage; or
- (3) The casualty involves a Coast Guard and a nonpublic vessel and at least one fatality or \$75,000 in property damage; or

- (4) The casualty is a major marine casualty which involves significant safety issues relating to Coast Guard safety functions, e.g., search and rescue, aids to navigation, vessel traffic systems, commercial vessel safety, etc.
- (c) The Commandant notifies the Board of a casualty described in paragraph (b) of this section.

[42 FR 61204, Dec. 1, 1977, as amended at 47 FR 46089, Oct. 15, 1982]

§850.15 Marine casualty investigation by the Board.

- (a) The Board may conduct an investigation under the Act of any major marine casualty or any casualty involving public and nonpublic vessels. Where the Board determines it will convene a hearing in connection with such an investigation, the Board's rules of practice for transportation accident hearings in 49 CFR part 845 shall apply.
- (b) The Board shall conduct an investigation under the Act when:
- (1) The casualty involves a Coast Guard and a nonpublic vessel and at least one fatality or \$75,000 in property damage; or
- (2) The Commandant and the Board agree that the Board shall conduct the investigation, and the casualty involves a public and a nonpublic vessel and at least one fatality or \$75,000 in property damage; or
- (3) The Commandant and the Board agree that the Board shall conduct the investigation, and the casualty is a major marine casualty which involves significant safety issues relating to Coast Guard safety functions.

[47 FR 46090, Oct. 15, 1982]

§850.20 Cause or probable cause determinations from Board investigation.

After an investigation conducted by the Board under §850.15, the Board determines cause or probable cause and issues a report of that determination.

§850.25 Coast Guard marine casualty investigation for the Board.

(a) If the Board does not conduct an investigation under §850.15(a), (b)(2) or (3), the Coast Guard, at the request of the Board, may conduct an investigation under the Act unless there is an